

## § 1064.8

## 7 CFR Ch. X (1–1–97 Edition)

(7) A supply plant which would be subject to the classification and pricing provisions of another order issued pursuant to the Act, unless such plant also qualified as a pool plant pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section.

[39 FR 16260, May 8, 1974, as amended at 45 FR 3878, Jan. 21, 1980]

### § 1064.8 Nonpool plant.

*Nonpool plant* means any milk or filled milk receiving, manufacturing, or processing plant other than a pool plant. The following categories of nonpool plants are further defined as follows:

(a) *Other order plant* means a plant that is fully subject to the pricing and pooling provisions of another order issued pursuant to the Act.

(b) *Producer-handler plant* means a plant operated by a producer-handler as defined in any order (including this part) issued pursuant to the Act.

(c) *Partially regulated distributing plant* means a nonpool plant (except the plant of a handler pursuant to § 1064.9(h), an other order plant, or a producer-handler plant) from which there is route disposition in consumer-type packages or dispenser units in the marketing area during the month.

(d) *Unregulated supply plant* means a nonpool plant which is not an other order plant, a producer-handler plant, or a plant of a handler pursuant to § 1064.9(h) from which a fluid milk product is shipped during the month to a pool plant.

### § 1064.9 Handler.

*Handler* means:

(a) Any person in his capacity as the operator of a pool plant;

(b) Any cooperative association with respect to producer milk which it causes to be diverted pursuant to § 1064.13 for the account of such cooperative association;

(c) Any cooperative association with respect to the milk of its producers which is received by the cooperative from the farm for delivery to the pool plant of another handler in a tank truck owned or operated by or under contract to such cooperative association, if the cooperative association, prior to delivery, notifies the market administrator in writing that it will be

the handler for the milk. Such milk shall be considered to have been received at the location of the pool plant to which delivery is made;

(d) Any person who operates a partially regulated distributing plant;

(e) A producer-handler;

(f) Any person who operates an other order plant that is either a distributing plant or a supply plant;

(g) Any person who operates an unregulated supply plant; and

(h) A State educational institution which operates either a nonpool distributing plant or supply plant.

### § 1064.10 Producer-handler.

*Producer-handler* means a person who operates both a dairy farm and a distributing plant at which each of the following conditions is met during the month:

(a) Milk is received from the dairy farm of such person but from no other dairy farm;

(b) The butterfat or skim milk disposed of in the form of a fluid milk product does not exceed the butterfat or skim milk, respectively, received in the form of milk from the dairy farm of such person and in the form of a fluid milk product from pool plants of other handlers; and

(c) Such person shall furnish proof satisfactory to the market administrator that the care and management of the dairy animals and other resources necessary for the production of milk in his name and the operation of the processing and packaging business are the personal enterprise and risk of such person.

### § 1064.12 Producer.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, *producer* means any person who produces milk in compliance with Grade A inspection requirements of a duly constituted health authority, which milk is received at a pool plant or diverted pursuant to § 1064.13.

(b) "Producer" shall not include:

(1) A producer-handler as defined in any order (including this part) issued pursuant to the Act or a handler pursuant to § 1064.9(h);

(2) Any person with respect to milk produced by him which is diverted to a

pool plant from an other order plant if the other order designates such person as a producer under that order and such milk is allocated to Class II or Class III utilization pursuant to § 1064.44(a)(8)(iii) and the corresponding step of § 1064.44(b); and

(3) Any person with respect to milk produced by him which is reported as diverted to an other order plant if any portion of such person's milk so moved is assigned to Class I under the provisions of such other order.

#### § 1064.13 Producer milk.

*Producer milk* means the skim milk and butterfat contained in Grade A milk of a producer which is:

(a) Received at a pool plant directly from a producer or a handler described in § 1064.9(c);

(b) Received by a handler described in § 1064.9(c) from producers in excess of the quantity delivered to pool plants; or

(c) Diverted, subject to the following conditions, from a pool distributing plant to a pool supply plant or from a pool plant to a nonpool plant that is not a producer-handler plant. *Diverted milk* is milk normally received at a pool plant but which is moved directly from a dairy farm to a nonpool plant as specified in this paragraph or from a pool distributing plant to a pool supply plant for the account of a handler operating the pool distributing plant or a handler described in § 1064.9(b). Such milk shall be deemed to have been received by the diverting handler at the location of the pool plant from which diverted except that milk diverted to a plant located more than 125 miles by the shortest highway distance as determined by the market administrator from the nearest of the City Halls of Kansas City, Missouri, or Topeka, Kansas, shall be deemed to have been received at the location of the plant to which diverted in applying §§ 1064.52 and 1064.75:

(1) A handler described in § 1064.9(b) may divert for its account the milk of any member producer whose milk is received at a pool plant for at least 1 day's delivery during the month, without limit during the other days of the month. The total quantity of milk so

diverted may not exceed the larger of the following amounts:

(i) The total quantity of its member producer milk received at all pool plants during the current month, or

(ii) The average daily quantity of its member producer milk received at pool plants during the previous month, multiplied by the number of days in the current month.

(2) A handler operating a pool plant may divert for his account the milk of any producer, other than a member of a cooperative association which has diverted milk pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this section, whose milk is received at the handler's pool plant for at least 1 day's delivery during the month, without limit during the other days of the month. However, the total quantity of milk so diverted may not exceed the larger of the following amounts:

(i) The total quantity of milk received at such plant during the current month from producers who are not members of a cooperative association that has diverted milk pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this section; or

(ii) The average daily quantity of milk received at such plant during the previous month from producers who are not members of a cooperative association that has diverted milk in the current month pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this section, multiplied by the number of days in the current month.

(3) Diversions in excess of the applicable percentages pursuant to paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section shall first be assigned to diversions to nonpool plants and any excess quantity assigned to nonpool plants shall not be producer milk and shall not be deemed to have been received by the diverting handler. The diverting handler shall specify the dairy farmers whose milk shall not be included as producer milk pursuant to this subparagraph. Excess diversions to a pool supply plant shall be producer milk at the supply plant in applying §§ 1064.7, 1064.52 and 1064.75.

[39 FR 16260, May 8, 1974, as amended at 45 FR 3879, Jan. 21, 1980]

#### § 1064.14 Other source milk.

*Other source milk* means all skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by: